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Docket: NECN 18.304 (100933-16778) Application: Serial No. 09/775,927

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend the Claims as follows:

1. (Previously Presented) A quadrature modulator comprising:

a local oscillator for oscillating at an oscillation frequency;

a frequency conversion block for converting said oscillation frequency to output a

converted oscillation frequency; and

a quadrature modulation block comprising a frequency divider, a first and second

multiplier, and an adder, said frequency divider receiving said converted oscillation frequency

and dividing said converted oscillation frequency by a factor of two to output a pair of orthogonal

signals having therebetween a phase difference of 90 degrees, said first and second multipliers

modulating said pair of orthogonal signals with said baseband signal to output a pair of

modulated signals, and said adder adding said modulated signals together to output a carrier

signal,

wherein said carrier signal has a frequency different from said converted oscillation

frequency and any signal frequency generated within said frequency conversion block.

2. (Previously Presented) The quadrature modulator as defined in claim I, wherein:

the oscillation frequency is equal to 4/(2N+1) times the carrier frequency where N is a

natural number,

the frequency conversion block is adapted to multiply said oscillation frequency by a

factor of (2N+1)/2,

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the first frequency divider divides an output from said frequency conversion block by a factor of two to output a pair of carrier waves having therebetween a phase difference of 90 degrees,

the first and second multipliers modulate said carrier waves with a digital baseband signal to output a pair of modulated signals, and

the adder adds said modulated signals together to output a digital carrier signal having said carrier frequency,

said N is equal to "1", and

said frequency conversion block includes a second frequency divider for dividing said oscillation frequency by a factor of two to generate a divided frequency, and a frequency mixer for mixing outputs from said local oscillator and said frequency divider to generate a first signal having a frequency equal to a sum of said oscillation frequency and said divided frequency.

- 3. (Original) The quadrature modulator as defined in claim 2, wherein said frequency conversion block further includes a band-pass-filter (BPF) for removing an image signal from said first signal.
- 4. (Original) The quadrature modulator as defined in claim 2, wherein said frequency mixer is a double-balanced mixer.
- 5. (Previously Presented) A quadrature modulator comprising a local oscillator for oscillating at an oscillation frequency equal to 4/(2N+1) times a carrier frequency where N is a natural number, a frequency conversion block for multiplying said oscillation frequency by a factor of (2N+1)/2, a first frequency divider to divide an output from said frequency conversion block by a

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factor of two to output a pair of carrier waves having therebetween a phase difference of 90 degrees, first and second multipliers for modulating said carrier waves with a digital baseband signal to output a pair of modulated signals, and an adder for adding said modulated signals together to output a digital carrier signal having said carrier frequency, wherein said N is equal to or more than "2", and said frequency conversion block includes a second frequency divider for dividing said oscillation frequency by a factor of two to output a divided frequency, one of N frequency mixers cascaded from one another, which is connected to said second divider, outputs a signal having a frequency equal to a sum of said oscillation frequency and said divided frequency from said second divider, and each of the remaining (N-1) frequency mixers of said N frequency mixers outputs a sum of said oscillation frequency and an output frequency from a preceding frequency mixer of said N cascaded frequency mixers.

- 6. (Original) The quadrature modulator as defined in claim 5, wherein said frequency conversion block further includes a BPF cascaded from an N-th one of said frequency mixers to remove an image signal from said first signal from said N-th one of said frequency mixers.
- 7. (Original) The quadrature modulator as defined in claim 5, wherein each of said frequency mixers is a double-balanced mixer.

## 8. (Cancelled)

- 9. (Previously Presented) A quadrature modulator comprising:
  - a digital signal generator for generating a digital baseband signal;
- a local oscillator for oscillating at an oscillation frequency equal to 4/(2N+1) times a carrier frequency where N is a natural number;

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a frequency conversion block for multiplying said oscillation frequency by a factor of (2N+1)/2; and

a quadrature modulation block including:

a first frequency divider to divide an output from said frequency conversion block by a factor of two to output a pair of carrier waves having therebetween a phase difference of 90 degrees;

first and second multipliers for modulating said carrier waves with said digital baseband signal to output a pair of modulated signals; and

an adder for adding said modulated signals together to output a digital carrier signal having said carrier frequency,

wherein said frequency conversion block includes a band-pass-filter (BPF) for removing an image signal from said first signal, and

wherein an output signal from said band-pass-filter (BPF) of said frequency conversion block is supplied directly as an input signal to said first frequency divider of said quadrature modulation block,

said quadrature modulator not including a frequency multiplier.

10. (Previously Presented) The quadrature modulator as defined in claim 1, wherein said frequency conversion block includes a frequency divider for dividing said oscillation frequency by a factor of two, a frequency mixer for generating a mixed frequency signal having a frequency equal to a sum of said oscillation frequency and said converted oscillation frequency, and a bandpass filter for removing an image signal component from said mixed frequency signal.

## 11. (Previously Presented) A quadrature modulator comprising:

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a local oscillator for oscillating at an oscillation frequency;

a frequency conversion block for converting said oscillation frequency to output a

converted oscillation frequency: and

a quadrature modulation block for receiving a baseband signal and said converted

oscillation frequency, said quadrature modulation block including a first frequency divider for

dividing said converted oscillation frequency by a factor of two to output a pair of orthogonal

signals having therebetween a phase difference of 90 degrees, first and second multipliers for

modulating said pair of orthogonal signals with said baseband signal to output a pair of

modulated signals, and an adder for adding said modulated signals together to output a carrier

signal.

wherein said carrier signal has a frequency different from said converted oscillation

frequency; and

wherein said frequency conversion block includes a frequency divider for dividing said

oscillation frequency by a factor of two, a first frequency mixer for generating a first mixed

frequency signal having a frequency equal to a sum of said oscillation frequency and said

converted oscillation frequency, a second frequency mixer for generating a second mixed

frequency signal having a frequency equal to a sum of said oscillation frequency and said first

mixed frequency signal to output a second mixed frequency signal, and a band-pass-filter for

removing an image signal component from said second mixed frequency signal.

12. (Previously Presented) A quadrature modulator comprising:

a local oscillator for oscillating at an oscillation frequency;

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a frequency conversion block for converting said oscillation frequency to output a converted oscillation frequency: and

a quadrature modulation block for receiving a baseband signal and said converted oscillation frequency, said quadrature modulation block including a first frequency divider for dividing said converted oscillation frequency by a factor of two to output a pair of orthogonal signals having therebetween a phase difference of 90 degrees, first and second multipliers for modulating said pair of orthogonal signals with said baseband signal to output a pair of modulated signals, and an adder for adding said modulated signals together to output a carrier signal,

wherein:

said carrier signal has a frequency different from said converted oscillation frequency, the oscillation frequency is equal to 4/(2N+1) times a carrier frequency where N is a natural number.

the frequency conversion block multiples said oscillation frequency by a factor of (2N+1)/2,

the first frequency divides an output from said frequency conversion block by a factor of two to output a pair of carrier waves having therebetween a phase difference of 90 degrees,

the first and second multipliers are adapted to modulate said carrier waves with a digital baseband signal,

the adder is adapted to add said modulated signals together to output a digital carrier signal having said carrier frequency, and

said frequency conversion block includes only one frequency divider for dividing said oscillation frequency by a factor of two to generate a divided frequency.

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13. (Previously Presented) A method comprising the steps of:

generating an oscillation frequency;

converting said oscillation frequency to output a converted oscillation frequency;

dividing said converted oscillation frequency by a factor of two to output a pair of orthogonal signals having therebetween a phase difference of 90 degrees;

modulating said pair of orthogonal signals with a baseband signal to output a pair of modulated signals; and

adding said modulated signals together to output a carrier signal,

wherein said carrier signal has a frequency different from said converted oscillation frequency and any signal frequency generated within said frequency conversion block.

- 14. (Previously Presented) The method as defined in claim 13, wherein said converting operation further includes removing an image signal from said first signal using a band-pass-filter (BPF).
- 15. (Previously Presented) The quadrature modulator as defined in claim 1, wherein said carrier signal has a frequency different from said oscillation frequency.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The method as defined in claim 13, wherein said carrier signal has a frequency different from said oscillation frequency.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The quadrature modulator as defined in claim 1, wherein the frequency divider of the quadrature modulation block receives the converted oscillation frequency.

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